

Intellectual Property Permissions

Many people openly share their digital content online, and this will be clearly labelled where you find the content. The creators or owners give away certain rights to users and often make the resources accessible through a repository. The rights you are granted as a user may or may not include permission to download, modify or use for commercial or educational purposes. In any case, you always need to credit the person who created the materials.

What kinds of permission granted to you as a user will be included in these types of licences:

[Creative Commons](#) - Six licence types which creators can apply to their creative work in order to give certain permissions regarding re-use.

[Open Content / Open Source](#) - Creative work that the owner permits others to copy or modify. "Open Content" includes Open Educational Resources. "Open Source" applies to software and its code.

[GNU General Public Licence](#) - A licence which gives users the right to 'copy, redistribute, and modify a work' but also requires any copies or derivatives to be made available under the same licence. The GNU General Public Licence is not as frequently found in the UK and is used more often with software rather than other types of content.

All rights reserved - A phrase found on some creative work indicating that the copyright holder retains their full rights regarding the work, does not allow use and especially no derivatives.